Label	Meaning	Label	Meaning
a	absorption, acceptance, acceptor,	m	magnetization, microwave,
	acoustic, anode, aperture		modulation, multiplication
AS	anti-Stokes	M	TM mode
att	attenuation	max	maximum
av	avalanche	MC	mode conversion
b	background, backward, bias	min	minimum
В	Boltzmann, Bragg, Brewster,	n	n type, noise
	Brillouin	NL	nonlinear
br	breakdown	nonrad	nonradiative
c	carrier, cavity, center, characteristic,	nonrec	nonreciprocal
	circular, coercive, conduction band,	0	optical, ordinary
	conversion, coupling, critical, cutoff	opt	optimum
ckt	circuit	out	output
coh	coherence	p	p-polarized (TM), p type, parallel,
coll	collection	Р	period, phase, polarization, prism,
comp	compensation		pump
d	dark, data, detector, dielectric,	ph	photo, photon
	diffracted, diffusion, donor	pk	peak
D	Doppler	PM	phase matched
def	deflection	ps	pulse
e	electrical, electrode, electron,	q	quantum
	emission, external, extraordinary	Q	quasi-phase matching
E	TE mode	QW	quantum well
eff	effective		radiation, reduced, recombination,
eq	equivalent	r	reflection, relaxation, reversed, rise
esc	escape	R	Raman, Rayleigh
f	fall, forward	rad	radiative
F	Faraday, Fermi	RC	RC time
g	bandgap, gain, gap, grating, group	rec	reciprocal
GR	generation–recombination	res	resonance
h	hole, homogeneous	RT	round trip
hh	heavy hole	S	s-polarized (TE), saturation,
	•	5	series, shield, signal, slope,
i :	incidence, initial, internal, intrinsic		spontaneous, source, switching
in inh	input inhomogeneous	S	Stokes
inj	injection	sat	saturation
	·	SB	stop band
j	junction	SC	space charge
k	cathode	sh	shot
K	Kerr	SH	second harmonic
1	luminous	sp	spontaneous
L	linear, load, longitudinal	SR	Shockley-Reed
lh	light hole	ST	Schawlow-Townes