

VISCOELASTIC WAVES AND RAYS IN LAYERED MEDIA 2ND EDITION

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ERRATA

(Misprints in red strike-through font. Correct expressions in black font.)

January 4, 2024

page 24 line 13: $\cancel{M = \frac{1}{2} i \omega R_S N}$ $M \equiv \frac{1}{2} i \omega R_S$

page 41 line 27: $\cancel{(11.3.10)}$ (3.1.12)

page 157 heading 6th column Table (6.2.2): $\cancel{Q_{HS}^{-1}}$ Q_{HP}^{-1}

page 164 lines 4 and 5: delete redundant words in Figure (6.3.1) caption

page 165 heading 4th column Table (6.4.1): $\cancel{Q_{HS}^{-1}}$ v_{HP} (km/s)

page 225: delete redundant lines 6 and 7

page 255 line 3 Figure (9.1.13) caption: $\cancel{(a,b,c,d)}$ (a,b,c,d).

page 324: Computation Steps 6, 7, 8 and 9 in Table 11.1.199 were accidentally deleted during production. These computation steps are provided as the next page in this Errata.

page 337 line 22: ~~incidence~~ incidence,

page 337 line 28: ... soil layers in Figure (11.1.207). These calculations reveal

...

page 398 line 21: ...~~6 and 7 in Appendix 9~~ 7 and 8 available at
www.cambridge.org/borchardt2.

page 400 Computation Step 8: ~~umber~~ Number

page 428 line 22: ~~and absorption~~ and monotonic decreases in intrinsic absorption

page 483 line 18: Kramers-Kronig relation ~~282~~-283

Computation Steps
(continued)

6 Phase Ray Parameter

$$p_P = \frac{k_R}{\omega} = \frac{|\vec{P}_{u_{21}}|}{\omega} \sin \varepsilon_{u_{21}}$$

$$= \frac{\sin \varepsilon_{u_{21}}}{\left| \vec{v}_{u_{21}} \right|}$$

Attenuation Ray Parameter

$$p_A = -\frac{k_I}{\omega}$$

$$= \frac{|\vec{A}_{u_{21}}|}{\omega} \sin \left[\varepsilon_{u_{21}} - \gamma_{u_{21}} \right]$$

III) Infer Propagation and Attenuation Characteristics of General Waves in m^{th} Layer

7 Wave Number
 $k = k_R + ik_I$

$$k_{S_m} = \frac{\omega}{v_{HS_m}} \left(1 - i \frac{Q_{HS_m}^{-1}}{1 + \sqrt{1 + Q_{HS_m}^{-2}}} \right).$$

$$(11.1.48) \quad k_{n_h} = k_{n_{hR}} + ik_{n_{hI}} = \omega \left(p_{P_{n_h}} - ip_{A_{n_h}} \right)$$

$$(11.1.49) \quad k_{S_m} = \frac{\omega}{v_{HS_m}} \left(1 - i \frac{Q_{HS_m}^{-1}}{1 + \sqrt{1 + Q_{HS_m}^{-2}}} \right).$$

$$d_{\beta_{m_{n_hR}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{\left| k_{S_m}^2 - k_{n_h}^2 \right|}$$

$$(11.1.34) \quad d_{\beta_{m_{n_hI}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{\left(\text{Re}[k_{S_m}^2] - k_{n_h}^2 \right)}$$

$$= d_{\beta_{m_{n_hR}}} + id_{\beta_{m_{n_hI}}}$$

$$= d_{\beta_{m_{n_hR}}} + \frac{\delta_m}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{\left(\begin{aligned} &\left| k_{S_m}^2 - k_{n_h}^2 \right| \\ &- \text{Re}[k_{S_m}^2] - k_{n_h}^2 \end{aligned} \right)}$$

$$d_{\beta_{m_{n_hI}}} = \frac{\delta_{m_{n_hI}}}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{\left(\begin{aligned} &\left| k_{S_m}^2 - k_{n_h}^2 \right| \\ &-\text{Re}[k_{S_m}^2] - k_{n_h}^2 \end{aligned} \right)}$$

General SII Reflected Wave
Eqn. Ref.

General SII Head Wave

(continued)

6 Phase Ray Parameter

$$p_{P_{n_h}} = \frac{k_R}{\omega} = \frac{|\vec{P}_{u_{21}}|}{\omega} \sin \left[\varepsilon_{u_{21}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{\sin \left[\varepsilon_{u_{21}} \right]}{\left| \vec{v}_{u_{21}} \right|} = \frac{1}{v_{HS_{n+1}}}$$

Attenuation Ray Parameter

$$p_{A_{n_h}} = -\frac{k_I}{\omega}$$

$$= \frac{|\vec{A}_{u_{21}}|}{\omega} \sin \left[\varepsilon_{u_{21}} - \gamma_{u_{21}} \right]$$

$$(11.1.52) \quad = \frac{|\vec{A}_{u_{21}}|}{\omega} \sin \left[\varepsilon_{u_{21}} - \gamma_{u_{21}} \right]$$

III) Infer Propagation and Attenuation Characteristics of General Waves in m^{th} Layer

7 Wave Number
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$$k_{S_m} = \frac{\omega}{v_{HS_m}} \left(1 - i \frac{Q_{HS_m}^{-1}}{1 + \sqrt{1 + Q_{HS_m}^{-2}}} \right).$$

$$(11.1.48) \quad k_{n_h} = k_{n_{hR}} + ik_{n_{hI}} = \omega \left(p_{P_{n_h}} - ip_{A_{n_h}} \right)$$

$$d_{\beta_{m_{n_hR}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{\left| k_{S_m}^2 - k_{n_h}^2 \right|}$$

$$(11.1.34) \quad d_{\beta_{m_{n_hI}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{\left(\text{Re}[k_{S_m}^2] - k_{n_h}^2 \right)}$$

$$= d_{\beta_{m_{n_hR}}} + id_{\beta_{m_{n_hI}}}$$

$$= d_{\beta_{m_{n_hR}}} + \frac{\delta_m}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{\left(\begin{aligned} &\left| k_{S_m}^2 - k_{n_h}^2 \right| \\ &- \text{Re}[k_{S_m}^2] - k_{n_h}^2 \end{aligned} \right)}$$

$$d_{\beta_{m_{n_hI}}} = \frac{\delta_{m_{n_hI}}}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{\left(\begin{aligned} &\left| k_{S_m}^2 - k_{n_h}^2 \right| \\ &-\text{Re}[k_{S_m}^2] - k_{n_h}^2 \end{aligned} \right)}$$