

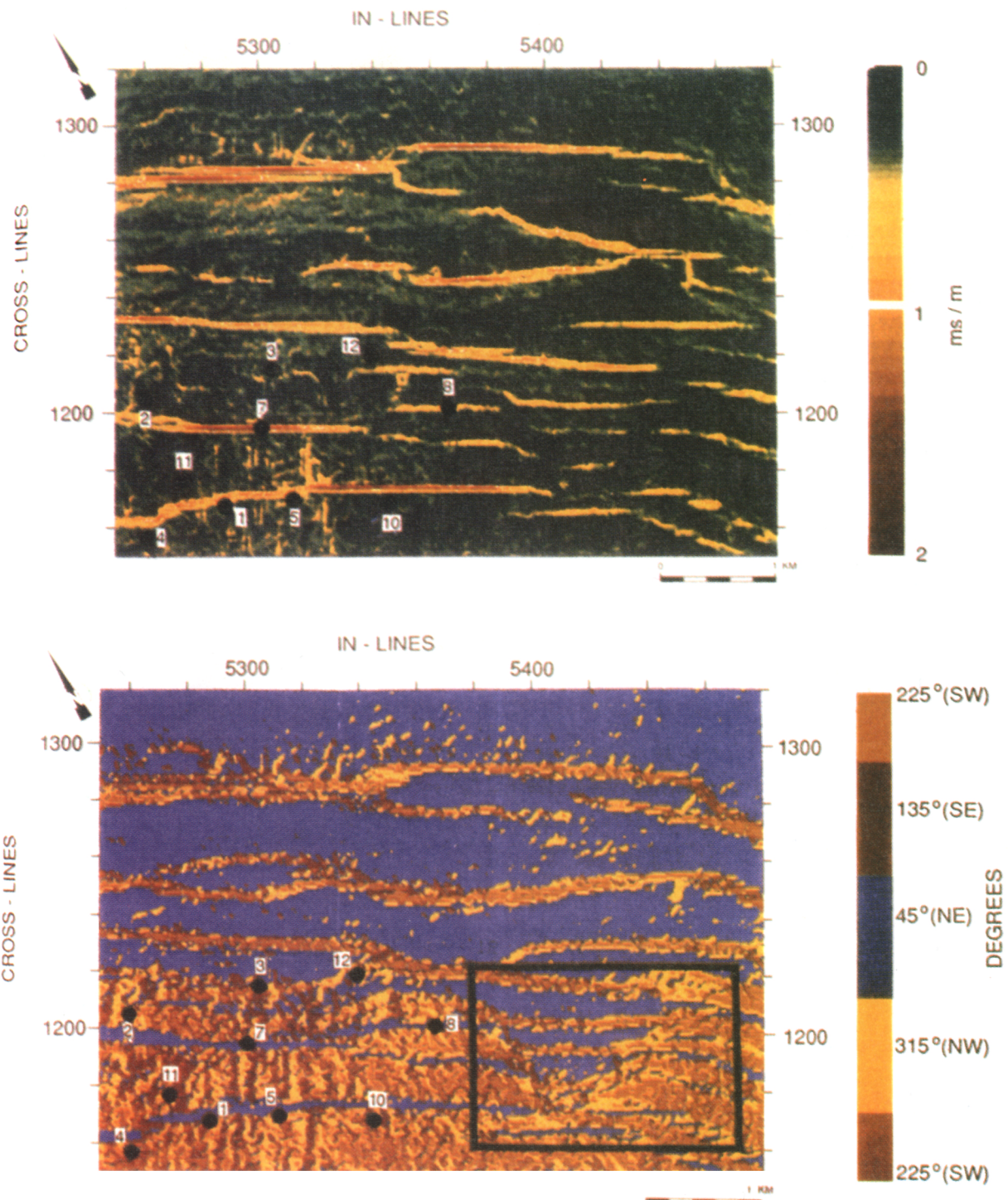
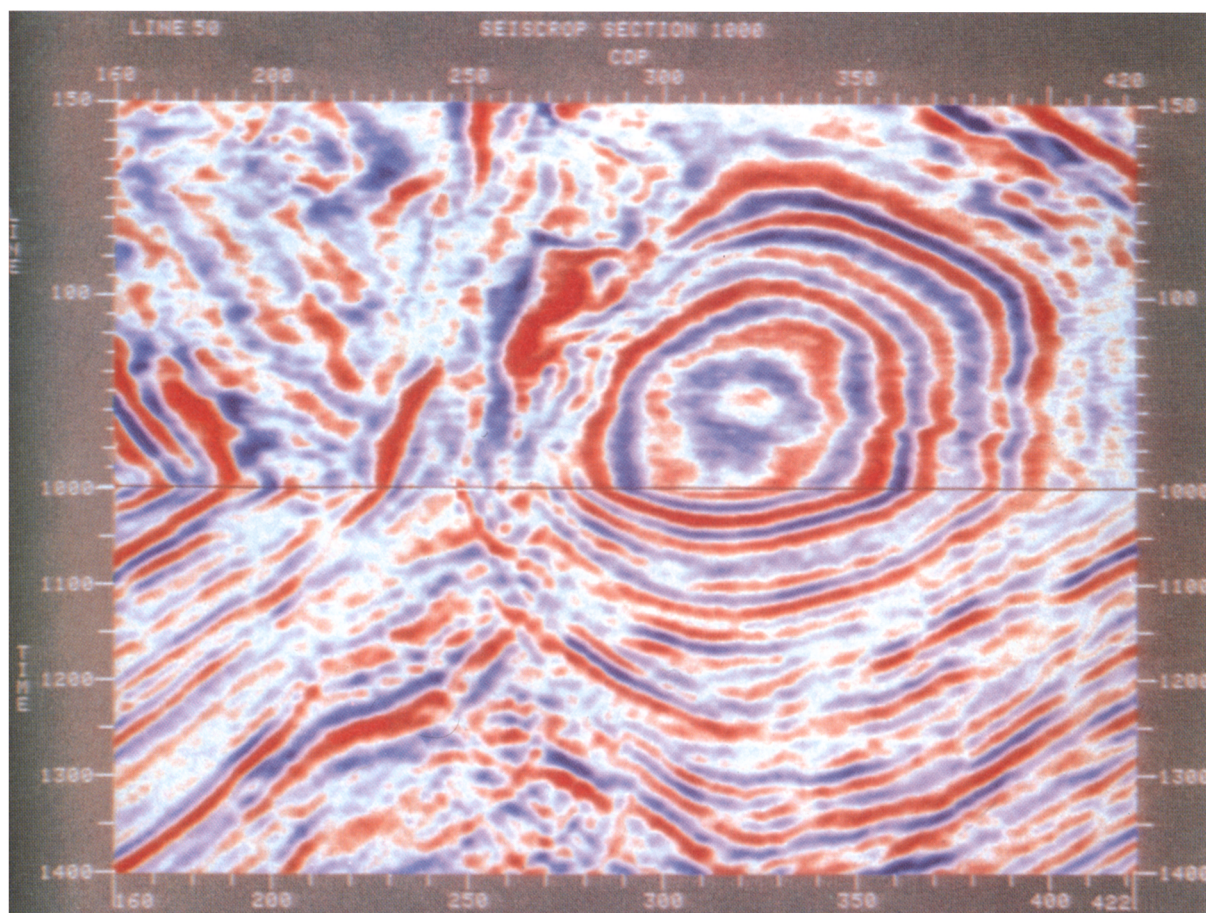
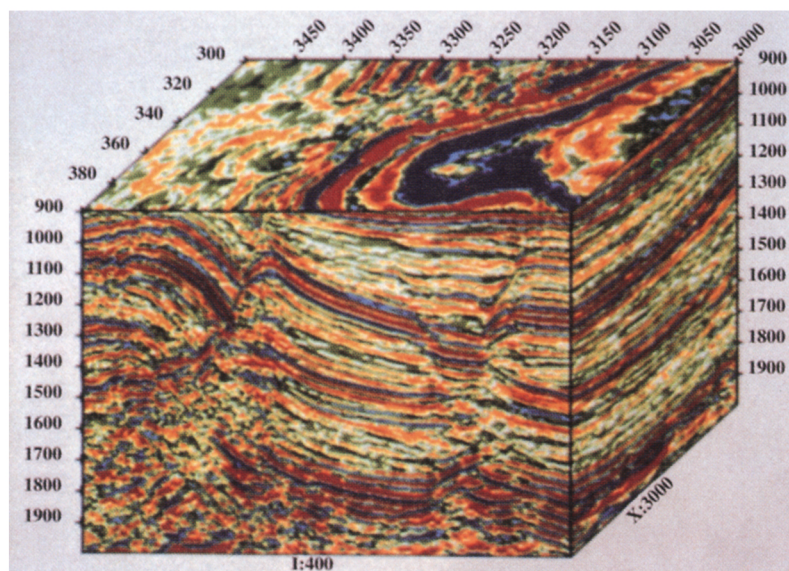


Plate 6 Dip and azimuth displays for a horizon slice help locate faults. Some faults show better on one display, some on the other, many equally well on both. (From Bouvier et al., 1989.) (a) Dip-magnitude display; (b) dip-azimuth display.





(a)



(b)

Plate 7. Composite displays at a workstation help in understanding features. (from Brown, 1991; 70, 71.) (a) Portion of a time slice (top half) and vertical section (bottom half); (b) cube display showing line and crossline on sides and time slice on top.



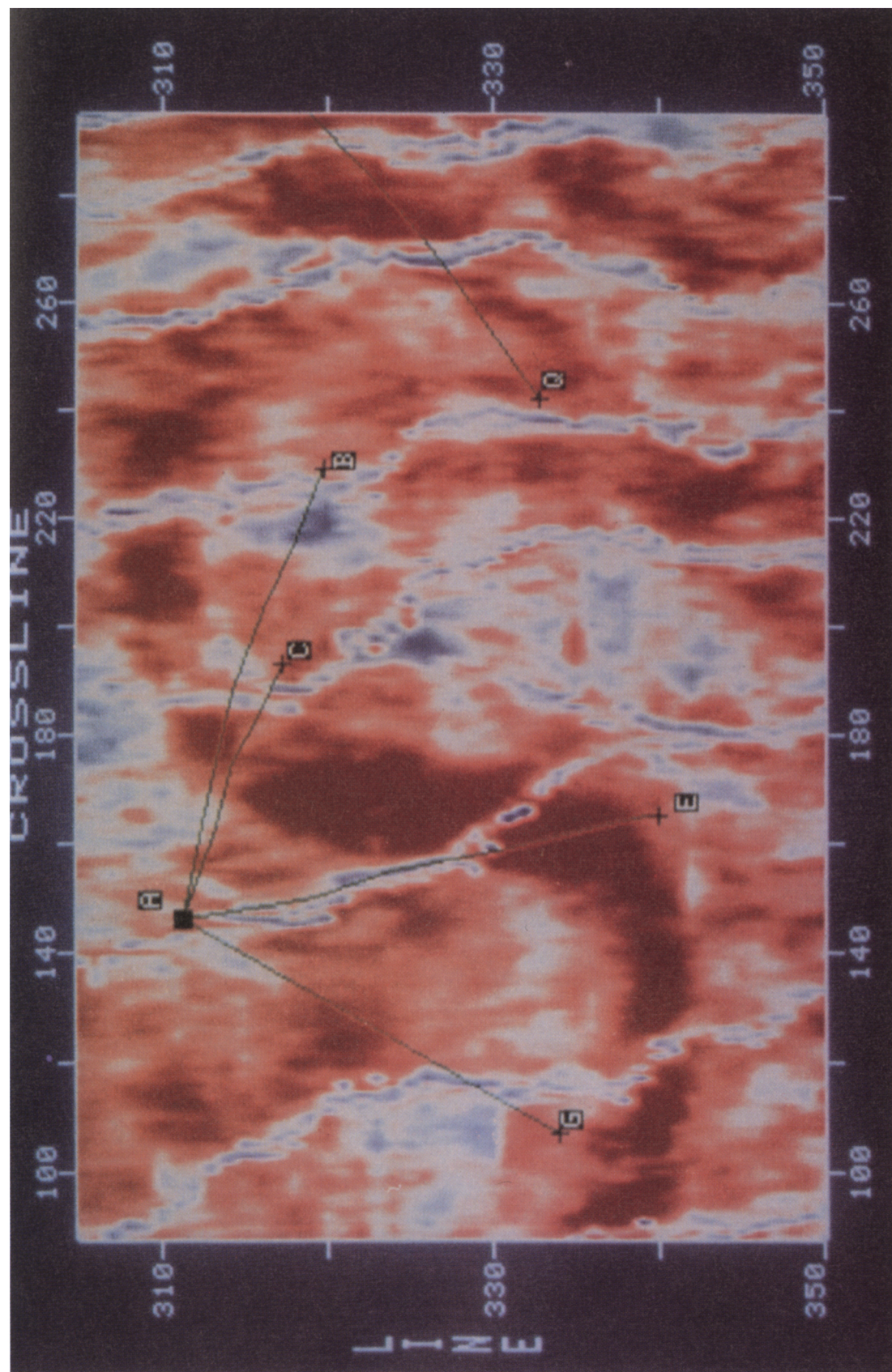


Plate 8 Horizon slice cut by a number of faults (the blue lineations). Continuity of the red stream pattern across the faults provides convincing evidence that correlations across the faults are correct. (From Brown, 1991: 127.)



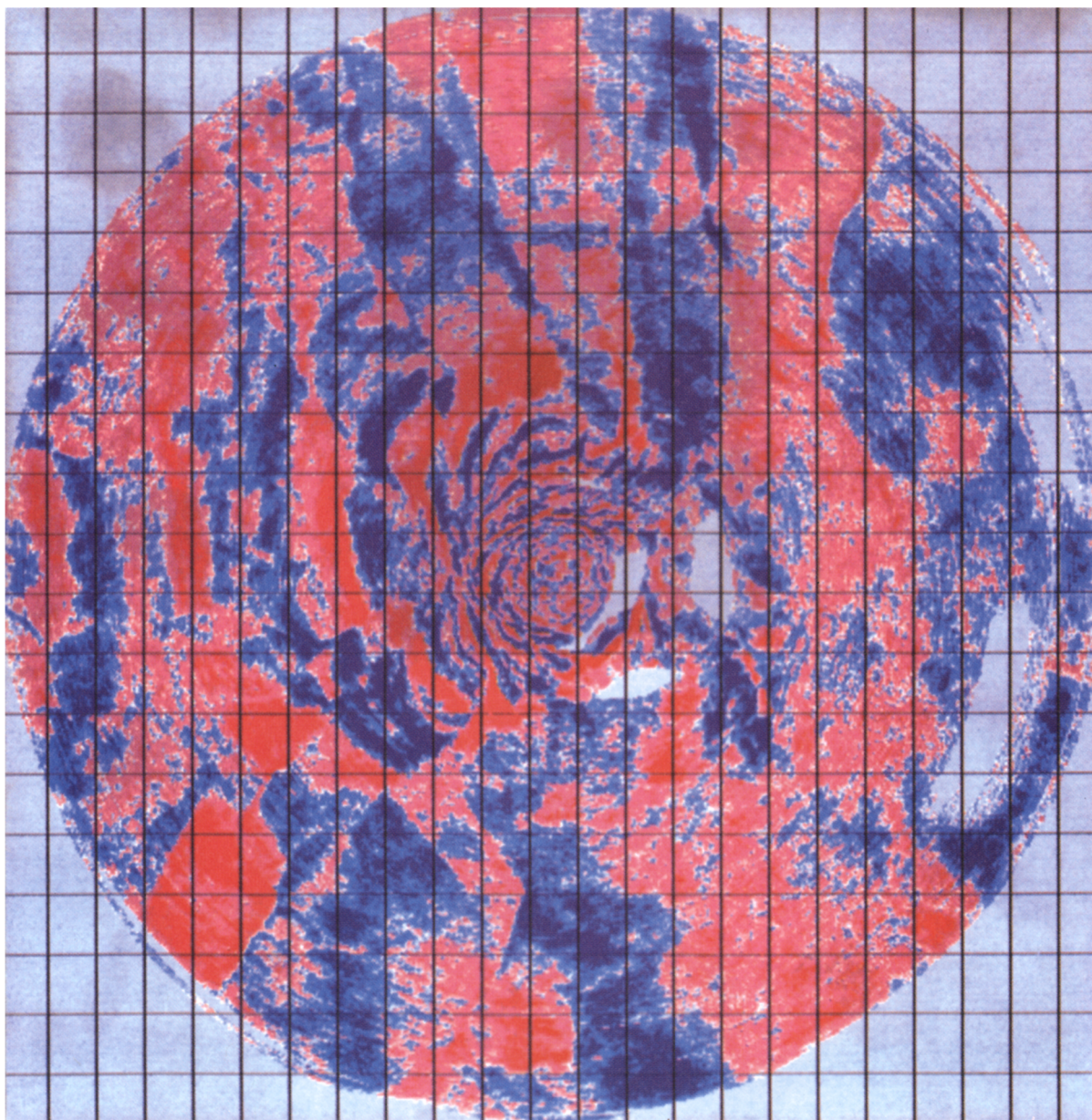


Plate 9 Time slice from a circle shoot about a salt dome. (From Brown, 1991: 63.)